# PT Medco Energi International Tbk

Independent Limited Assurance Statement in relation to the Subject Matter included in the Sustainability Report of PT Medco Energi Internasional Tbk for the year 2020



Purwantono, Sungkoro & Surja

Indonesia Stock Exchange Building Tower 2, 7<sup>th</sup> Floor Jl. Jend. Sudirman Kav. 52-53 Jakarta 12190, Indonesia Tel : +62 21 5289 5000 Fax: +62 21 5289 4100 ey.com/id

# Independent Limited Assurance Statement in relation to the Subject Matter included in the Sustainability Report of PT Medco Energi Internasional Tbk for the year 2020

Report No. 00469/2.1032/JL.0/02/0697-1/1/VIII/2021

## To the Management of PT Medco Energi Internasional Tbk (the "Company")

#### Scope

We have been engaged by the Company to perform a 'limited assurance engagement' as defined by the Standards on Assurance Engagement (SAE) 3000 (Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information) established by the Indonesian Institute of Certified Public Accountants (IICPA), here after referred to as the engagement to report on the Company's indicators/disclosures for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020 as detailed in the Appendix 1 ("Subject Matter") contained in the Company's sustainability report for the year 2020 (the "Report").

Other than as described in the preceding paragraph, which sets out the scope of our engagement, we did not perform assurance procedures on the remaining information included in the Report, and accordingly, we do not express a conclusion on this information.

### Criteria

In preparing the Subject Matter, the Company has used definitions as set out in the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Standards for the selected Subject Matter in the Report, unless otherwise stated in each disclosure item in the Appendix 1 and throughout the Report.

#### Management's responsibilities

The Company's management is responsible for selecting the Criteria, and for presenting the Subject Matter in accordance with that Criteria, in all material respects. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls, maintaining adequate records and making estimates that are relevant to the preparation of the Subject Matter, such that it is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



# Independent Limited Assurance Statement in relation to the Subject Matter included in the Sustainability Report of PT Medco Energi Internasional Tbk for the year 2020 (continued)

Report No. 00469/2.1032/JL.0/02/0697-1/1/VIII/2021 (continued)

#### EY's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the presentation of the Subject Matter based on the evidence we have obtained.

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Standards on Assurance Engagement (SAE) 3000 (Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information) established by the Indonesian Institute of Certified Public Accountants (IICPA), and the terms of reference for this engagement as agreed with the Company. Those standards require that we plan and perform our engagement to express a conclusion on whether anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Subject Matter has not been reported and presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with Criteria. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risk of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our limited assurance conclusion.

#### Our Independence and Quality Control

We have maintained our independence and confirm that we have met the requirements of the Code of Ethics for Public Accountants established by the Indonesian Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and have the required competencies and experience to conduct this assurance engagement.

#### Description of procedures performed

Procedures performed in a limited assurance engagement vary in nature and timing from, and are less in extent than for a reasonable assurance engagement. Consequently, the level of assurance obtained in a limited assurance engagement is substantially lower than the assurance that would have been obtained had a reasonable assurance engagement been performed. Our procedures were designed to obtain a limited level of assurance on which to base our conclusion and do not provide all the evidence that would be required to provide a reasonable level of assurance.



# Independent Limited Assurance Statement in relation to the Subject Matter included in the Sustainability Report of PT Medco Energi Internasional Tbk for the year 2020 (continued)

Report No. 00469/2.1032/JL.0/02/0697-1/1/VIII/2021 (continued)

Although we considered the effectiveness of management's internal controls when determining the nature and extent of our procedures, our assurance engagement was not designed to provide assurance on internal controls. Our procedures did not include testing controls or performing procedures relating to checking aggregation or calculation of data within IT systems.

A limited assurance engagement consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for preparing the Subject Matter and related information, and applying analytical and other appropriate procedures.

Our limited assurance procedures included:

- Conducting interviews with key personnel to understand the process for collecting, collating and reporting the Subject Matter during the reporting period
- Comparing that the calculation criteria had been correctly applied in accordance with the methodologies outlined in the Criteria
- Performing recalculations of performance metrics to confirm quantities stated were replicable
- Undertaking analytical review procedures to support the reasonableness of the data
- Undertaking virtual walkthrough to oil and gas operation locations, South Natuna Sea Block B (Belanak Site, North Belut Site and Kerisi Site)
- Undertaking virtual walkthrough to power operation, Energi Listrik Batam
- Vouching, on a sample basis, to underlying source information to check the validity of the data
- Reviewing the disclosure on the restatement of GRI 305 Emissions indicators for the years 2018 and 2019 in the Report

#### Emphasis of Matter

As disclosed in Section 8 'Strengthening Our Environmental Safeguards' on page 64 of the Report, effective January 1, 2020, the Company has revised the emissions calculation methodology by implementing a new tool in calculating the Company's air and greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. The Company has applied the revised calculation methodology on a retrospective basis. Accordingly, the GRI 305 Emission indicators for the years 2018 and 2019 were restated. Our conclusion is not modified in respect to this matter.

#### Conclusion

Based on the limited assurance procedures performed and evidence obtained, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Subject Matter set out in the Company's Sustainability Report for the year 2020, has not been reported and presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with the Criteria.



# Independent Limited Assurance Statement in relation to the Subject Matter included in the Sustainability Report of PT Medco Energi Internasional Tbk for the year 2020 (continued)

Report No. 00469/2.1032/JL.0/02/0697-1/1/VIII/2021 (continued)

#### Use of Our Limited Assurance Statement

We disclaim any assumption of responsibility for any reliance on this limited assurance statement, or on the Subject Matter to which it relates, to any persons other than the Management of the Company or for any purpose other than that for which it was prepared.

Purwantono, Sungkoro & Surja

**Moch. Dadang Syachruna** Public Accountant Registration No. AP.0697

4 August 2021

Appendix 1. Subject Matter for Independent Limited Assurance of PT Medco Energi Internasional Tbk Sustainability Report for the year 2020

	Indicato	ors/disclosure	es	Type of entity and location	2018	2019	2020						
1.	Total number	Permanent	Female	Oil and gas	347	440	427						
	of employees		Male	(Indonesia	1,630	1,781	1,752						
	by employment	Temporary	Female	and Oman (2018-2020),	19	6	3						
	contract (permanent and temporary),		Male	Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	92	76	45						
	by gender	Permanent	Female	Power	51	67	70						
	(GRI 102-8)		Male	(Indonesia)	476	549	560						
		Temporary	Female		22	13	11						
		remporary	Male		275	168	143						
2.	Total	Region	Oman	Oil and gas	186	100	143						
۷.	number of	Region	Tunisia	(Indonesia	55	Not applicable	105						
	employees		Thailand	and Oman	Not applicable	69	45						
	by employment		(Bangkok Office)	(2018-2020), Tunisia									
	contract		Thailand	(2018) and	Not applicable	28	38						
	(permanent		(Bualuang)	Thailand									
	and temporary),		Block A	(2019-2020))	135	150	153						
	by region		South Sumatra		185	194	181						
	(GRI 102-8)		Rimau		129	101	97						
			South		760	414	338						
			Natuna Sea Block B										
			Lematang		30	28	27						
			Tarakan		30	29	29						
			Jakarta Office		578	1,042	1,077						
			Bangkanai		Not applicable	42	42						
			Sampang		Not applicable	15	15						
		Region	Medco Power Indonesia (Jakarta Head Office)	Power (Indonesia)			72	82	99				
			Medco Power Indonesia (Singa)		11	-	-						
			Medco Hidro Indonesia (Jakarta)			3	3	-					
		ki Pr Pa (C Bi Ja In (C M Ca G	Pembang- kitan Pusaka Parahiangan (Cianjur)								22	24	22
			Bio Jathropa Indonesia (Cianjur)							22	20	19	
			Medco Cahaya Geothermal (Jakarta)					9	11	11			
			Mitra Energi Batam & Dalle Energi Batam (Batam)		225	165	130						

_	Indicato	ors/disclosure	es	Type of entity and location	2018	2019	2020
			Energi Listrik Batam (Batam)		45	46	46
			Multidaya Prima Elektrindo (Palembang)		21	23	21
			Energi Prima Elektrika		21	24	24
			(Palembang) Tanjung Jati B (Jepara)		263	268	250
			Medco Geothermal Sarulla (Tapanuli Selatan)		100	105	101
			Medco Power Service Indonesia (Pekanbaru)		Not applicable		36
			Medco Power Solar Sumbawa (Sumbawa)		Not applicable		4
			Medco Ratch Power Riau (Jakarta Head Office)		10	26	21
3.	Total	Full-time	Female	Oil and gas	366	446	430
	number of employees by	Part-time	Male Female	(Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020),	1,722	1,857	1,797
	employment type (full- time and part-time),		Male	Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	-	-	-
	by gender (GRI 102-8)	Full-time	Female	Power	73	80	81
	(GRI 102-8)	Part-time	Male Female	(Indonesia)	751	717	703
4.	Male			Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	- Project based activitie Procurement and Cor	- es, include Drilling and Istruction (EPC)	- Engineering,
				Power (Indonesia)	Project based activitie Construction (EPC)	es, include Engineering	, Procurement and
5.	Any significan numbers repor 102-8b, 102-8 variations in th industries) (GF	rted in Disclos 3c (such as se ne tourism or	sure 102-8a, asonal	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	Not applicable		
				Power (Indonesia)			

	Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018	2019	2020
6.	An explanation of how the data have been compiled, including any assumptions made (GRI 102-8)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019-2020)) Power (Indonesia)	The data have been compilation	compiled from databas	e and manual

#### GRI 203 - Indirect Economic Impact

	Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018	2019	2020
7.	Extent of development of significant infrastructure investments and services supported (GRI 203-1)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	US\$439,180	US\$733,754	US\$696,907
		Power (Indonesia)	US\$66,710	U\$\$31,932	US\$58,085
8.	Current or expected impacts on communities and local economies, including positive and negative impacts where relevant (GRI 203-1)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019- 2020)), Power (Indonesia)	Investments in infrastructure in MedcoEnergi covers among others: Road and bridge rehabilitation or development which brings better and extended access for local communities. Public facilities construction or renovation for mosques, schools, wells for clean water, drainage systems, housing for vulnerable groups, evacuation routes, solar streetlamps, village libraries and public areas, sports facilities, and organic plant farming infrastructure. These investments bring lasting impact to the receiving communities in the form of decent and helpful public facilities for their everyday use.	Investments in infrastructure in MedcoEnergi covers among others: Road and bridge rehabilitation or development which brings better and extended access for local communities. Public facilities construction or renovation for mosques, schools, wells for clean water, drainage systems, housing for vulnerable groups, evacuation routes, village libraries and public areas, sports facilities, and organic plant farming infrastructure. These investments bring lasting impact to the receiving communities in the form of decent and helpful public facilities for their everyday use.	Investments in infrastructure in MedcoEnergi covers among others: Road and bridge rehabilitation or development which brings better and extended access for local communities. Public facilities construction or renovation for mosques, schools, wells for clean water, drainage systems, housing for vulnerable groups, evacuation routes, solar streetlamps, village libraries and public areas, sports facilities, and organic plant farming infrastructure. These investments bring lasting impact to the receiving communities in the form of decent and helpful public facilities for their everyday use.

	Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018	2019	2020
9.	Whether these investments and services are commercial, in-kind, or pro bono engagements (GRI 203-1)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019- 2020)), Power (Indonesia)	All investments in inf	irastructure are in-kind	1.
10.	Examples of significant identified indirect economic impacts of the organization, including positive and negative impacts (GRI 203-2)	(Indonesia) Oil and gas (Indonesia), Power (Indonesia)	Social Return on Investment (SROI) is a method to calculate the financial value of a program's impact. This informs decisions on the choice of programs, strategies, budgeting and scale of each program. Measuring this value is another way to communicate program benefits in a clear and consistent way. This tool also supports risk management, opportunity identification and improves the value of the programs. In Kampung Bilis, SROI is used by the Social Investment Indonesia Foundation (Yayasan Sahabat Investasi Indotama/YSII) to evaluate the impact of activities between 2016 and 2018 based on guidelines from the organization Social Value International. Based on SROI calculation, the present value of total outcome is Rp2,378,341,661, total investment is Rp858,041,148 and SROI value from 2016 to 2018 is 2.77. This means that for every investment of Rp1, the benefit over three years of the program is Rp2.77.	Medco Energi did not exercise nor engage independent third party to carry out Social Return on Investment (SROI) to calculate the significant indirect economic impacts in 2019.	In Lematang, SROI is used by the Center of Entrepreneurship, Change and Third Sector (CECT) of Trisakti University to evaluate the outcome of Honey Bee Cultivation program between 2018 and 2020 based on the Seven Principles of Social Value International. The benefits of the Honey Bee Cultivation program in Lematang include increased income from honey sales and lecturing opportunity at Sriwijaya University in South Sumatera. Another added value from this program is increased capacity of the honey bee farmers, development of home industry and enhanced product quality. Based on SROI calculation for Honey Bee Cultivation in 2020, the present value of total outcome throughout 2018-2020 is IDR 524,094,485, with a total investment of IDR 222,674,149. The SROI value from 2018 to 2020 is 2.35. This means that for every investment of IDR 1, the benefit over three years of the program is IDR 2.35.
11.	Significance of the indirect economic impacts in the context of external benchmarks and stakeholder priorities, such as national and international standards, protocols, and policy agendas (GRI 203-2)	Oil and gas (Indonesia), Power (Indonesia)	These efforts in Kampung Bilis support the realization of SDG 8 (Target 8.3), SDG 14 (Target 14.7 and 14.b) and SDG 17 (Target 17.17)	Not applicable	These efforts in Lematang support the realization of SDG 1 (Target 1.1), SDG 2 (Target 2.3), SDG 8 (Target 8.3) and SDG 15 (Target 15.2).

## GRI 205 - Anti-corruption

	Indica	ators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2	018	20	)19*	2	020
12.		nd percentage of operations		Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
	assessed for risk 205-1)	s related to corruption (GRI	Oil and gas (Indonesia)	6	86%	7	100%	10	100%
			Power (Indonesia)	6	43%	6	50%	6	43%
13.	<ol> <li>Significant risks related to corruption identified through the risk assessment (GRI 205-1)</li> </ol>		Corporate	third relations of inte	te crime nent fraud, party hip, conflict erest and and permit.	risk, con	ent officials, flict of intere f Foreign As	procure to est and Ur	nited States
14.	Total number ar	nd percentage of governance		Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
	corruption polici	hat the organization's anti- es and procedures have ated to (GRI 205-2)	Corporate	15	100%	16	100%	14	100%
15.	Total number ar	nd percentage of employees		Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
	that the organization's anti-corruption policies and procedures have been communicated to (GRI 205-2)	Oil and gas (Indonesia)	1,847	100%	1,808	100%	1,959	100%	
		Power (Indonesia)	824	100%	797	100%	784	100%	
16.	Total number and percentage of business			Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
		e organization's anti- es and procedures have	Oil and gas (Indonesia)	418	100%	381	100%	461	100%
	been communic	ated to (GRI 205-2)	Power (Indonesia)			were del	nication to bu ivered throu dor audits.		
17.	Total number ar	nd percentage of governance		Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
		hat have received training	Corporate	15	100%	9	56%	14	100%
18.	Total number			Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
	and percentage of	Light education through emails sent to employees	Oil and gas (Indonesia)	1,847	100%	1,808	100%	1,959	100%
	employees that have		Power (Indonesia)	824	100%	797	100%	784	100%
	received Participative training in training on both oil and gas and power anti- through the Statement of Adherence forms	both oil and gas and power	Oil and gas (Indonesia)	1,821	99%	1,765	98%	1,941	99%
		Adherence forms	Power (Indonesia)	797	97%	775	97%	768	98%
	(GRI 205-2)	Intensive training provided through classroom training	Oil and gas (Indonesia)	480	26%				
		losures for operations in I	Power (Indonesia)	327	40%				

\*Note: GRI 205 disclosures for operations in Indonesia does not include the newly acquired assets, which in 2019 were still undergoing the integration process.

#### GRI 305 - Emissions

Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018**	2019**	2020
<ul> <li>19. Gross direct (Scope 1) GHG emissions in metric tons of CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent (GRI 305-1)</li> </ul>	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020))	1,363,672.01	1,691,760.42	1,405,607.58
	Power (Indonesia)	905,792.14	918,587.57	779,372.59

Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018**	2019**	2020
20. Gases included in the calculation (GRI 305-1)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020))	CO2, N2O, CH4	CO2, N2O, CH4, HFCS	
	Power (Indonesia)	CO <sub>2</sub> , N <sub>2</sub> O, CH <sub>4</sub>		
21. Biogenic CO <sub>2</sub> emissions in metric tons of CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent (GRI 305-1)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020))	254.43	1,670.61	1,054.89
	Power (Indonesia)	0.94	1.53	1.28
22. Source of the emission factors and the global warming potential (GWP) rates used, or a reference to the GWP source (GRI 305-1)       Oil and gas       Source of emissions factors:         (Indonesia)       Internal calculation with reference and Oman (2018- 2020),       Internal calculation with reference for National Greenhouse Gas Inventor (2018, Tunisia         (Indonesia)       Internal calculation with reference and Oman (2018- 2020),       Intergovernmental Panel on Climate for National Greenhouse Gas Inventor (2018, Thailand and Malaysia         (Indonesia)       Source of GWP rates:       IPCC Fourth Assessment Report         (2019-2020)       and       Singapore         (2020))       Intergovernmental Panel Report				States Environmental S EPA AP-42) and ge (IPCC) Guidelines
	Power (Indonesia)	Greenhouse Gas Emis - Intergovernmental	a Implementation Guida sions Inventory Book II - Panel on Climate Chan puse Gas Inventories - \ :	Volume I Year 2012 ge (IPCC) Guidelines
23. Consolidation approach for emissions (GRI 305-1)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020)), Power (Indonesia)	Operational control		

	Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018**	2019**	2020
24.	Standards, methodologies, assumptions, and/or calculation tools used (GRI 305-1)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020))	- The GHG Protocol f Standard from WBCS - ISO 14064-1:2006	National Greenhouse G for Corporate Accounti SD and WRI 2004 regarding specificatio el for quantification an	ng and Reporting n with guidance at
		Power- The GHG Protocol for Corporate Accounting a Standard from WBCSD and WRI 2004 - ISO 14064-1:2006 regarding specification w the organization level for quantification and re greenhouse gas emissions and removals - Republic of Indonesia Implementation Guidan Greenhouse Gas Emissions Inventory Book II - 2012			
25.	Gross location-based energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG emissions in metric tons of CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent (GRI 305-2)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020))	263.48	455.01	11,272.08
		Power (Indonesia)	53.85	49.85	56.51
26.	If applicable, gross market-based energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG emissions in metric tons of CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent (GRI 305-2)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020)), Power (Indonesia)	Not applicable for Mo	L edcoEnergi operating o	L countries
27.	Gases included in the calculation (GRI 305-2)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020)), Power (Indonesia)	CO2		

	Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018**	2019**	2020
28.	Source of the emission factors and the global warming potential (GWP) rates used, or a reference to the GWP source (GRI 305-2)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020))	Source of emissions factors: - Indonesia: GHG Emissions Factor of Electricity System Year 2018, Directorate General of Electricity, The Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources of the Republic of Indonesia - Singapore: Electricity Grid Emission Factor and Upstream Fugitive Methane Emission Factor, Energy Market Authority of the Republic of Singapore	Source of emissions factors: - Indonesia: GHG Emissions Factor of Electricity System Year 2018, Directorate General of Electricity, The Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources of the Republic of Indonesia - Malaysia: The IFI Dataset of Default Grid Factors v.2.0, United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) - Thailand: CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions per kWh, Energy Policy and Planning Office, The Ministry of Energy of the Kingdom of Thailand - Singapore: Electricity Grid Emission Factor and Upstream Fugitive Market Authority of the Republic of Singapore	Source of emissions factors: - Indonesia: GHG Emissions Factor of Electricity System Year 2018, Directorate General of Electricity, The Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources of the Republic of Indonesia - Oman and Malaysia: The IFI Dataset of Default Grid Factors v.2.0, United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) - Thailand: CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions per kWh, Energy Policy and Planning Office, The Ministry of Energy of the Kingdom of Thailand - Singapore: Electricity Grid Emission Factor and Upstream Fugitive Methane Emission Factor, Energy Market Authority of Singapore
		Power (Indonesia)	Directorate General	or of Electricity System of Electricity, The Mini	Year 2018, stry of Energy and
29.	Consolidation approach for emissions (GRI 305-2)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020)), Power (Indonesia)	Mineral Resources of Operational control	f the Republic of Indon	esia
30.	Standards, methodologies, assumptions, and/or calculation tools used (GRI 305-2)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020))	Standard from WBCS - ISO 14064-1:2006 the organization leve greenhouse gas emis	or Corporate Accounti SD and WRI 2004 regarding specificatio el for quantification an ssions and removals	n with guidance at d reporting of
		Power (Indonesia)	Standard from WBCS - ISO 14064-1:2006	regarding specificatio el for quantification an	n with guidance at

	Indica	ators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018**	2019**	2020
31.	GHG emissions intensity ratio for the organization (GRI 305-4)	i. Scope 1	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore	248.50	236.74	218.38
			(2020)) Power (Indonesia)	0.55	0.56	0.53
		ii. Scope 1 + Scope 2	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore	248.54	236.81	220.13
			(2020)) Power (Indonesia)	0.55	0.56	0.53
	ratio (GRI 305	chosen to calculate the -4)	(Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020))	consist of oil and gas p	Equivalent of Hydrocarbo products)	,
			Power (Indonesia)	tCO₂e/MWH		
	33. Types of GHG emissions included in the intensity ratio (GRI 305-4)		(Indonesia) Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020)), Power (Indonesia) Oil and gas	sources	G emission sources hergy indirect (Scope 2) CO2, N2O, CH4, HFCs	GHG emission
34.	Gases included 305-4)	d in the calculation (GRI	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020)) Power (Indonesia)	CO <sub>2</sub> , N <sub>2</sub> O, CH <sub>4</sub>	υυ2, Ν2υ, υΗ4, ΗΡΟS	

Indi	cators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018**	2019**	2020	
35. Significant air emissions, in kilograms or multiples (GRI 305-7)	NOx (tonne/year)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore	10,923.84	11,345.43	9,805.95	
		(2020)) Power (Indonesia)	3,014.63	1,940.90	1,790.91	
	SOx (tonne/year)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore	108.04	464.56	332.34	
		(2020)) Power (Indonesia)	292.03	475.04	381.47	
	VOC (tonne/year)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020))	2,194.52	2,429.88	2,077.92	
		Power (Indonesia)	Not applicable			
	PM (tonne/year)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020))	93.01	175.36	164.37	
		Power	116.64	165.45	180.10	
36. Source of the emissions factors used (GRI 305-7)		(Indonesia) Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018), Thailand and Malaysia (2019-2020) and Singapore (2020)) Power	Internal calculation with reference to American Petroleum Institute (API) Compendium 2009 and United States Environmental Protection Agency Air Pollutant-42 (US EPA A 42)			

Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018**	2019**	2020		
<ol> <li>Standards, methodologies, assumptions, and/or calculation tools used (GRI 305-7)</li> </ol>	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman- API Compendium 2009(Indonesia and Oman (2018- (2020), Tunisia Tunisia (2018), The GHG Protocol for Corporate Accounting and Report Standard from WBCSD and WRI 2004 - ISO 14064-1:2006 regarding specification with guidant the organization level for quantification and reporting of 					
	Power (Indonesia)	Minister of Environment of the Republic of Indonesia, Decree 				

\*\*Note: GRI 305 disclosures for the year 2018 and 2019 were restated as a result of the revised emissions calculation methodology by implementing a new standardized tool in calculating the Company's air and greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions.

## GRI 307 - Environmental Compliance

Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018	2019	2020
38. Significant fines and non-monetary sanctions for non-compliance with environmental laws and/or regulati (GRI 307-1)	(Indonesia and	with environmental I monetary fines, no	here were zero incider aws or regulations tha n-monetary sanctions olution mechanisms a	t resulted in material s, or cases brought

## GRI 401 - Employment

	Indicators/disclosures		Type of entity and location	2	018	2	019	2	020	
39.	Total				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
	number and rate of new employee	Age group	Under 30 years old	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman	76	3.64%	21	0.91%	13	0.58%
	hires during the reporting		30-50 years old	(2018-2020), Tunisia (2018) and	103	4.93%	81	3.52%	14	0.63%
	period, by age group, gender and		Over 50 years old	Thailand (2019-2020))	9	0.43%	7	0.30%	4	0.18%
	region (GRI 401-1)	Age group	Under 30 years old	Power (Indonesia)	45	5.46%	50	6.27%	58	7.40%
			30-50 years old		40	4.85%	53	6.65%	27	3.44%
			Over 50 years old		3	0.36%	8	1.00%	5	0.64%

In	Indicators/disclosures		Type of entity and location	2	018	2	019	20	020
	Gender	Female	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020),	39	1.87%	23	1.00%	15	0.67%
		Male	Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	149	7.14%	86	3.73%	16	0.72%
	Gender	Female	Power (Indonesia)	12	1.46%	17	2.13%	9	1.15%
		Male		76	9.22%	94	11.79%	81	10.33%
	Region	Tunisia Oman	Oil and gas	3	0.14%	Not appl 14	icable 0.61%	Not appli 3	cable 0.13%
		Thailand (Bangkok Office)	(Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020), Tunisia	Not appl		14	0.48%	2	0.13%
		Thailand (Bualuang)	(2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	Not appl	icable	2	0.09%	-	-
		Block A South	(20172020))	112 2	5.36% 0.10%	9 2	0.39% 0.09%	2	0.09%
		Sumatra Rimau		-	-	2	0.09%	-	-
		South Natuna Sea Block B		9	0.43%	-	-	-	-
		Lematang Tarakan		-	-	-	0.04%	-	-
		Jakarta Office		54	2.59%	67	2.91%	24	1.08%
		Bangkanai Sampang		Not appl Not appl		- 1	0.04%	-	-
	Region	Medco Power Indonesia (Jakarta Head Office)	Power (Indonesia)	24	2.91%	30	3.76%	24	3.06%
		Medco Power Indonesia (Singa)		-	-	-	-	-	-
		Medco Hidro Indonesia (Jakarta)		1	0.12%	1	0.13%	-	-
		Pembang- kitan Pusaka Parahiangan (Cianjur)		15	1.82%	4	0.50%	-	-
		Bio Jathropa Indonesia (Cianjur)		9	1.09%	-	-	1	0.13%
		Medco Cahaya Geothermal (Jakarta)		2	0.24%	5	0.63%	1	0.13%
		Mitra Energi Batam & Dalle Energi Batam (Batam)		5	0.61%	5	0.63%	28	3.57%
		Energi Listrik Batam (Batam)		3	0.36%	4	0.50%	4	0.51%
		Multidaya Prima Elektrindo (Palembang)		-	-	3	0.38%	-	-

Indicat	Indicators/disclosures		Type of entity and location	2	018	2	019	2	020
		Energi Prima Elektrika (Palembang)		-	-	3	0.38%	-	-
		Tanjung Jati B (Jepara)		13	1.58%	30	3.76%	9	1.15%
		Medco Geothermal Sarulla (Tapanuli Selatan)		13	1.58%	8	1.00%	2	0.26%
		Medco Power Service Indonesia (Pekanbaru)		Not appl	icable			17	2.17%
		Medco Power Solar Sumbawa (Sumbawa)		Not appl	icable			2	0.26%
		Medco Ratch Power Riau (Jakarta Head Office)		3	0.36%	18	2.26%	2	0.26%
40. Total				Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
number and rate of employee	Age group	Under 30 years old 30-50 years	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman	3 63	0.14%	10	0.43%	5 41	0.22%
turnover during the reporting period, by	old Over 50 years old	(2018-2020), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand	45	2.16%	53	2.30%	44	1.98%	
age group, gender and	Age	Under 30	(2019-2020)) Power	15	1.82%	70	8.78%	50	6.38%
region (GRI 401-1)	group	years old 30-50 years old	(Indonesia)	45	5.46%	55	6.90%	44	5.61%
		Over 50 years old		6	0.73%	11	1.38%	9	1.15%
	Gender	Female	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020),	22	1.05%	48	2.08%	28	1.26%
		Male	(2018-2020), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	89	4.26%	126	5.47%	62	2.78%
	Gender	Female	Power	9	1.09%	9	1.13%	10	1.28%
	Region	Male Tunisia	(Indonesia) Oil and gas	57 1	6.92% 0.05%	127 Not appl	15.93% icable	93	11.86%
	region	Oman	(Indonesia	15	0.72%	14	0.61%	7	0.31%
		Thailand (Bangkok Office)	and Oman (2018-2020), Tunisia	Not appl	icable	13	0.56%	17	0.76%
		Thailand (Bualuang)	(2018) and Thailand	Not appl		-	-	-	-
		Block A South	(2019-2020))	2	0.10%	3	0.13%	4	0.18%
		Sumatra	•	1	0.25%	5	0.22%	4	0.18%
		South Natuna Sea Block B		30	1.44%	3	0.13%	8	0.36%
		Lematang		1	0.05%	1	0.04%	1	0.04%
		Tarakan Jakarta Office		- 55	- 2.63%	1 123	0.04% 5.34%	41	- 1.84%
		Bangkanai		Not appl		2	0.09%	2	0.09%
		Sampang		Not appl	icable	1	0.04%	1	0.04%

Indicator	Indicators/disclosures		Type of entity and location	2	018	2	019	20	020
	Region	Medco Power Indonesia (Jakarta Head Office)	Power (Indonesia)	11	1.33%	20	2.51%	12	1.53%
		Medco Power Indonesia (Singa)		-	-	11	1.38%	-	-
		Medco Hidro Indonesia (Jakarta)		2	0.24%	1	0.13%	-	-
		Pembang- kitan Pusaka Parahiangan (Cianjur)		9	1.09%	2	0.25%	1	0.13%
		Bio Jathropa Indonesia (Cianjur)		6	0.73%	2	0.25%	1	0.13%
		Medco Cahaya Geothermal (Jakarta)		-	-	3	0.38%	2	0.26%
		Mitra Energi Batam & Dalle Energi Batam (Batam)		2	0.24%	65	8.16%	48	6.12%
		Energi Listrik Batam (Batam)		4	0.49%	1	0.13%	2	0.26%
		Multidaya Prima Elektrindo (Palembang)		-	-	1	0.13%	1	0.13%
		Energi Prima Elektrika (Palembang)		-	-	-	-	-	-
		Tanjung Jati B (Jepara)		20	2.43%	25	3.14%	27	3.44%
		Medco Geothermal Sarulla (Tapanuli Selatan)		11	1.33%	3	0.38%	6	0.77%
		Medco Power Service Indonesia (Pekanbaru)		Not appl	icable			-	-
		Medco Power Solar Sumbawa (Sumbawa)		Not appl	icable			-	-
		Medco Ratch Power Riau (Jakarta Head Office)		1	0.12%	2	0.25%	3	0.38%

	Indicato	rs/disclosur	es	Type of entity and location	2018	2019	2020
41.	Benefits which employees of t not provided to employees, by operation (GRI	he organizat temporary significant lo	ion but are or part-time	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	<ol> <li>Education Refund Plan (MEI and MEPI), Employee Education Assistance (South Natuna Sea Block B)</li> <li>Emergency Loan (MEI and MEPI), Loan Salary Advance (South Natuna Sea Block B)</li> <li>Pension program - "Penghargaan atas Pengabdian" (MEI and MEPI, South Natuna Sea Block B)</li> <li>Service award (MEI and MEPI, South Natuna Sea Block B)</li> <li>Service award (MEI and MEPI, South Natuna Sea Block B)</li> <li>Scholarship Assistance (Oman)</li> <li>Housing Loan Assistance (Oman)</li> <li>Group benefits plan, include medical, dental and life insurance (Tunisia)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Education/Scholars gas domestic, Thail</li> <li>Emergency Loan/L (Oil and gas domesi</li> <li>Pension program - <i>Pengabdian</i>" (Oil ar excluding Bangkana</li> <li>Service Award (Oil 5. Housing Loan Assis</li> </ol>	oan Salary Advance tic) "Penghargaan Atas id gas domestic, ai and Sampang) and gas domestic)
				Power (Indonesia)	<ol> <li>Rest and Relax Allowance (Medco Power Indonesia, Medco Geothermal Sarulla)</li> <li>Emergency Loan (Medco Power Indonesia, Tanjung Jati B, Medco Hidro Indonesia, Energi Listrik Batam)</li> <li>Pension Program (Medco Power Indonesia, Tanjung Jati B, Mitra Energi Batam, Dalle Energi Batam)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Rest and Relax Allowance (Medco Power Indonesia, Medco Geothermal Sarulla)</li> <li>Emergency Loan (Medco Power Indonesia, Tanjung Jati B, Energi Listrik Batam)</li> <li>Pension Program (Medco Power Indonesia, Tanjung Jati B, Mitra Energi Batam, Dalle Energi Batam)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Rest and Relax Allowance (Medco Power Indonesia, Medco Geothermal Sarulla)</li> <li>Emergency Loan (Medco Power Indonesia, Tanjung Jati B, Energi Listrik Batam)</li> <li>Pension Program (Medco Power Indonesia, Tanjung Jati B, Mitra Energi Batam, Dalle Energi Batam, Medco Geothermal Sarulla;</li> </ol>
42.	The definition locations of op			Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019- 2020)), Power (Indonesia)	As stated in the list b		
43.	Total number of employees that were	Gender	Female	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman	366	446	430
	entitled to parental leave, by gender (GRI 401-3)		Male	(2018-2020), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	1,576	1,725	1,683
		Gender	Female	Power	73	80	81

Indicators/disclosures			ires	Type of entity and location	2018	2019	2020
44.	Total number of employees that took parental	Gender Female		Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020), Tunisia	18	18	16
	leave, by gender (GRI 401-3)		Male	(2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	98	95	77
		Gender	Female	Power (Indonesia)	5	8	5
			Male		33	42	34
45.	Total number of employees that	Gender	Female	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020),	18	18	16
	returned to work in the reporting period after parental		Male	Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	98	95	77
	leave ended, by gender	Gender	Female	Power (Indonesia)	5	8	5
	(GRI 401-3)		Male		33	42	34
46.	Total number of employees that	Gender	Female	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020),	14	13	18
	returned to work after parental leave ended that were		Male	Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	130	93	94
	still employed 12 months after their return	Gender	Female	Power (Indonesia)	3	5	6
	to work, by gender (GRI 401-3)		Male		51	33	38
47.	Return to work rates of employees that took	Gender	Female	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020), Tunisia	100%	100%	100%
	parental leave, by gender (GRI 401-3)		Male	(2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	100%	100%	100%
		Gender	Female	Power (Indonesia)	100%	100%	100%
			Male		100%	100%	100%
	Retention rates of employees that took parental	Gender	Female	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020), Tunisia	100%	72.22%	100%
	leave, by gender (GRI 401-3)		Male	(2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	100%	94.90%	98.95%
		Gender	Female	Power (Indonesia)	100%	100%	75.00%
			Male		100%	100%	90.48%

# GRI 403 - Occupational Health and Safety

## Indicators for the year 2018 and 2019, based on GRI 403 - Occupational Health and Safety 2016

Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018	2019
The level at which each formal joint management-worker health and safety committee typically operates within the organization (GRI 403-1)	Oil and gas onshore assets (Indonesia)		g, Tarakan, Block A ronment Committee) which consists of sets, Head of Divisions and workers
		Not applicable	Sampang, Bangkanai The Management HSE and HSE Audit Committee consists of Country Manager (Chairman), HSE Manager (Secretary), Asset Manager, Operations Manager, HR Manager, Legal Council, employee representatives and other members designated by Chairman.
	Oil and gas offshore assets	South Natuna Sea Block B HSE Action Committee which co Assets, Head of Divisions and Wor	nsists of Board of Directors, Head of
	(Indonesia (2018- 2019), Thailand (2019))	Not Applicable	Madura Offshore         The Management HSE and HSE         Audit Committee consists of Country         Manager (Chairman), HSE Manager         (Secretary), Asset Manager,         Operations Manager, HR Manager,         Legal Council, employee         representatives and other members         designated by Chairman.
			Thailand Health, Safety, Security and Environment (HSSE) Management Committee consists of Chairman, Secretary and employee representatives of Ophir Thailand as other members.
	Power (Indonesia)	working group which comprises of Medco Power level, the working Keselamatan Kesehatan Kerja) and is an HSE Working Group. Each month the group conducts	ubsidiaries have a health and safety of both management and workers. At group is a P2K3 ( <i>Panitia Pelaksana</i> d at each subsidiary, the working group routine meetings and inspections to SE procedures are implemented in gulations.
Percentage of workers whose work, or workplace, is controlled by the organization, that are represented by formal joint management-worker health and safety committees (GRI 403-1)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2019), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019)), Power (Indonesia)	100%	2
Types of injury for all workers and employees (GRI 403-2)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2019), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019))	<ul> <li>Fatality</li> <li>Lost Time Injury</li> <li>Restricted Work Injury</li> <li>Medical Treatment Injury</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fatality</li> <li>Lost Time Injury</li> <li>Restricted Work Injury</li> <li>Medical Treatment Injury</li> </ul>
	Power (Indonesia)	Medical Treatment Injury	<ul> <li>Fatality</li> <li>Medical Treatment Injury</li> </ul>
Total Recordable Incident Rate (TRIR) per 1,000,000 work hours for all workers and employees (GRI 403-2)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2019), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019))	0.59	0.58
	Power	0.31	0.44

Type of entity and location	2018	2019
Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2019), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019))	0.00	0.00
Power (Indonesia)	0.00	0.00
Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2019), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019))	0.13	0.27
Power (Indonesia)	0.00	0.22
Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2019), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019))	1	1
Power (Indonesia)	-	1
Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2019), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019)), Power (Indonesia)	The injury rates are calculated as Total Recordable Incident Rate (Tf number of recordable injuries manhour Occupational Disease Rate (ODR) number of occupational diesease manhour Lost Time Incident Rate (LTIR) per number of lost time cases includ manhour	RIR) per 1,000,000 work hours = 1,000,000 per 1,000,000 work hours = <u>e cases</u> x 1,000,000 r 1,000,000 work hours =
Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2019), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019))	Sea Block B, Oman, Tunisia Safety statistics and incident data a to the Incident Management Docu used for industrial incident rate calc with the Indonesian Government R and Oil and Gas Engineering Direct and Registry dated 25 October 19	ng, Tarakan, Block A, South Natuna are collected from each asset according ument Guideline. This system is widely ulation and classification which complies Regulation as stated in Decree of Mining tor regarding Accidents Documentation 296, and refers to Occupational Safety A) 29 CFR Part 1904 - Standard for onal Injuries and Illness. Sampang, Bangkanai and Madura Offshore Ophir Indonesia's safety statistics are calculated from subsidiaries according to Incident/Accident Investigation and Reporting Procedure, which complies with the Indonesian Government Regulation (Minister of Manpower of the Republic of Indonesia Regulation Number O3/MEN/98 regarding Procedure in Reporting and Investigating Occupational Accident and Law Number 1 Year 1970
	entity and location Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2019), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019)) Power (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2019), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019)), Power (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2019), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019)), Power (Indonesia)	entity and location2018Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2019), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019))0.00Power (Indonesia)0.00Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2019), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019))0.13Power (Indonesia)0.13Oil and gas (Indonesia)0.13Oil and gas (Indonesia)0.13Oil and gas (Indonesia)0.000Power (Indonesia)0.000Power (Indonesia)0.000Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2019), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019))1Power (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2019), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019), Power (Indonesia)The injury rates are calculated as Total Recordable Incident Rate (TI number of recordable injuries manhour X manhour XOil and gas (Indonesia)Ccupational Disease Rate (ODR) number of lost time cases including manhourOil and gas (Indonesia)Rimau, South Sumatra, Lemata Safety statistics and incident data - to the Incident Rate (LTIR) penumber of lost time cases including and Registry dated 25 October 15 and Health Administration (OSH/ Reporting and Recording Occupational Occupational Context and and Health Administration (OSH/ Reporting and Recording Occupational Contex

Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018	2019
			Thailand Ophir Thailand's safety statistics categorizations, recording, reporting and investigation follows the Incident Investigation & Reporting Procedure, in which are in alignment with the Thai Government Regulation. Moving forward, as part of Medco organization integration, Thailand asset will align with Medco's procedure.
	Power (Indonesia)	according to incident/ accid procedure (A800/C01/SOPRC Indonesian Government Regul Republic of Indonesia Regulati Procedure in Reporting and In and Ministry of Manpower and Indonesia Regulation Numbe Obligation to Report Occupa Safety and Health Administra	s are calculated from subsidiaries lent investigation and reporting v10014), which complies with the ation (Minister of Manpower of the on Number 03/MEN/98 regarding vestigating Occupational Accident Transmigration of the Republic of er PER.01/MEN/1981 regarding ational Illness) and Occupational tion (OSHA) 29 CFR Part 1904 - ecording Occupational Injuries and
Formal agreements (either local or global) with trade unions that cover health and safety (GRI 403-4)	Oil and gas (Indonesia (2018- 2019), Thailand (2019))	2016-2018 and 2018-2020 co Health, safety and e Personal Protective Work related accider Medco E&P Natuna Ltd. Clauses which formally addres	nvironment Equipment (PPE) hts/incidents s health and safety, in line with the d in Collective Labor Agreement for overing: nvironment Equipment (PPE) verage ironment al Tbk Collective Labour Agreement vironment

Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018	2019	
			MedcoEnergiWestBangkanaiLtd.Bangkanai'sCollectiveLabourAgreement2019- 2021isdevelopedbasedonagreementand negotiation with LabourUnionand covers:Safety at Work•Work Equipment•OccupationalAccidentAssuranceDeathdueto OccupationalAccidents	
	Duur	Mada Davas	<ul> <li>Medco Energi Thailand (E&amp;P) Ltd. and Medco Energi Thailand (Bualuang) Ltd.</li> <li>Thailand organization size is not adequate to establish a labour union. Hence, there is no formal agreement. However, Thailand implemented a number of HSE policies including:</li> <li>Health, Safety, Security and Environmental Policy</li> <li>Stop Work Policy</li> <li>Alcohol and Substance Abuse Policy</li> <li>Climate Change Policy</li> <li>These policies, among policies of other functions, are part of new employee welcome pack and orientation.</li> </ul>	
	Power (Indonesia)	Medco Power         Medco Power and all its subsidiaries do not have trade unions.         Various health and safety topics are regulated in Medco Power's         2016-2018 and 2018-2020 Company Regulations including:         • Health, safety and environment         • Work related incidents		

# Indicators for the year 2020, based on GRI 403 - Occupational Health and Safety 2018

Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	202	0
48. For all employees: the number and rate		Number	Percentage
of fatalities as a result of work-related	Oil and gas	-	-
injury (GRI 403-9)	(Indonesia,		
	Oman and		
	Thailand)		
	Power	-	-
	(Indonesia)		
49. For all employees: the number and rate		Number	Percentage
of high-consequence work-related	Oil and gas	-	-
injuries (excluding fatalities) (GRI 403-9)	(Indonesia,		
	Oman and		
	Thailand)		
	Power	-	-
	(Indonesia)		
50. For all employees: the number and rate		Number	Percentage
of recordable work-related injuries (GRI	Oil and gas	-	-
403-9)	(Indonesia,		
	Oman and		
	Thailand)		
	Power	-	-
	(Indonesia)		
51. For all employees: the main types of	Oil and gas	Not applicable	
work-related injury (GRI 403-9)	(Indonesia,		
	Oman and		
	Thailand)		
	Power	Not applicable	
	(Indonesia)		

	Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2020			
52.	For all employees: the number of hours worked (GRI 403-9)	Oil and gas (Indonesia, Oman and Thailand)		6,008,480		
		Power (Indonesia)		2,084,544		
53.	For all workers who are not employees but whose work and/or workplace is controlled by the organization: the number and rate of fatalities as a result of work-related injury (GRI 403-9)	Oil and gas (Indonesia, Oman and Thailand) Power	Number -	Percentage - - 0.14		
54.	For all workers who are not employees but whose work and/or workplace is controlled by the organization: the number and rate of high-consequence work-related injuries (excluding fatalities) (GRI 403-9)	(Indonesia) Oil and gas (Indonesia, Oman and Thailand) Power (Indonesia)	Number -	Percentage -		
55.	For all workers who are not employees but whose work and/or workplace is controlled by the organization: the number and rate of recordable work- related injuries (GRI 403-9)	Oil and gas (Indonesia, Oman and Thailand) Power	Number 7 3	Percentage 0.46 0.43		
56.	For all workers who are not employees but whose work and/or workplace is controlled by the organization: the main types of work-related injury (GRI 403-9)	(Indonesia) Oil and gas (Indonesia, Oman and Thailand) Power (Indonesia)	Fracture and stung by insects Death, laceration and fracture			
57.	For all workers who are not employees but whose work and/or workplace is controlled by the organization: the number of hours worked (GRI 403-9)	Oil and gas (Indonesia, Oman and Thailand) Power				
58.	The work-related hazards that pose a risk of high-consequence injury, including: i. how these hazards have been determined; ii. which of these hazards have caused or contributed to high-consequence injuries during the reporting period; iii. actions taken or underway to eliminate these hazards and minimize risks using the hierarchy of controls (GRI 403-9)	(Indonesia) Oil and gas (Indonesia, Oman and Thailand)	<ul> <li>6,922,1</li> <li>The hazards are identified and assessed following the MedcoEnergi Haz Identification and Risk Assessment Process. As part of the process, as specific workshops are conducted with participants from multidisciplin teams. The Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment Workshop intended to enable asset team members to minimize or eliminate poter major hazard accident occurrence and reduce the risk within operatio. This is done by demonstrating risk reduction measures and to go confidence that asset has the ability and means to control potential ma accident risk properly, to achieve safe, profitable and sustaina operations. The process is in alignment with OHSAS 18001:2007 or 45001:2018 regarding Occupational Health and Safety Managem System requirements related to hazards identification and risk mitigati However, there is no high-consequence injury recorded in Oil &amp; o operations throughout 2020. Several hazards that pose a risk of hi consequence injury which have been identified are:</li> <li>Hydrocarbon in formation: Loss of primary containment, well blow of subsea well blow out</li> <li>Condensate, NGL: Loss of primary containment causing potential leading to fatalities, environmental damage, asset damage and busin interruption</li> <li>Hydrocarbon gas: Loss of primary containment causing potential leading to fatalities, environmental damage, asset damage and busin interruption</li> <li>Oil and hydrocarbon gas under pressure: Personal injury, fatality, as damage</li> <li>Detonators: Fire explosion, fatality</li> <li>Conventional explosive material: Fire explosion, fatality</li> <li>Boat collision hazard to other vessels and offshore structures: Fatalities, asset damage</li> <li>Escalation of fire</li> <li>Methanol fire</li> </ul>			

Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2020
	Power (Indonesia)	Medco Power has identified hazards related to working activities. Medco Power use Hazards Identification Risk Assessment and Determine Control (HIRADC) to summarize physical, chemical, biological and ergonomic hazard, etc. Most of physical hazard have been determined as causal factor for the recordable incident in the last 3 years. However, there is no work-related hazard pose a risk of high-consequence injury recorded in 2020. Gravitational hazard as potential energy involving object and/or person falls from height. Moving part of power tools and heavy equipment motion as kinetic energy related with human-machine interface incident in Medco Power. These physical hazards also classified in Life Saving Rules (LSR) related with fall protection (LSR No. 7) and ensuring worker in a safe position (LSR No. 8). As the follow-up actions to mitigate these hazards, Medco Power conducted HSE annual meeting engaging all subsidiaries from Medco Power to evaluate the cause of the incidents occurred throughout the year. In addition, HSE annual meeting is also meant to identify any potential hazards which may cause high- consequence work injuries. Several actions were also conducted by MPI as follow up action and preventive for recurrence incident, such as eliminate the risk by using safer and proper equipment, install hazard or safety sign in the strategic area, provide procedure and working instruction for safe work method, provide proper PPE for all workers and conduct HSE Mandatory Training for workers.
59. Any actions taken or underway to eliminate other work-related hazards and minimize risks using the hierarchy of controls (GRI 403-9)	Oil and gas (Indonesia, Oman and Thailand)	MedcoEnergi has integrated the Process Safety aspects into the Safety Card program, conducted assessments, identified the implementation plans and aligned the operational health support units. The goal is to improve the workers' hazard recognition, risk assessment, evaluation and control measure identification. To go further, MedcoEnergi also have developed the MedcoEnergi HSE and Process Safety Roadmap 2020-2024. The Roadmap is part of MedcoEnergi's HSE Management System (HSEMS), which systematically identifies, assesses, controls and monitors operational risks to Medco Energi's business, employees, contractors, stakeholders and the environment.
	Power (Indonesia)	Medco Power has integrated the Health, Safety and Environmental aspects into the HSE Card program which allows worker to conduct hazards observation, report the hazards/risk and take the action. HSE card is available in manual and application in IOS and Android and all reports will be collected in web-based dashboard for further analysis and assessment by HSE team. Minor corrective actions can be taken immediately after the report is received while more complex corrective actions will be reported to relevant parties for appropriate analysis and recommendations. Referring to HIRADC in hazard management, Medco Power review the existing hazard control and if the hazards/risk value are still high then Medco Power will add additional method of control as follows: 1. Elimination 2. Substitution 3. Isolation 4. Procedure and Warning Sign 5. Training and Monitoring 6. PPE to reduce the hazards/risk value into the acceptance level.
60. Whether the rates have been calculated based on 200,000 or 1,000,000 hours worked (GRI 403-9)	Oil and gas (Indonesia, Oman and Thailand), Power (Indonesia	The rates of work-related injury, high-consequence injury and fatality are calculated based on 1,000,000 hours worked
61. Whether and, if so, why any workers have been excluded from this disclosure, including the types of worker excluded (GRI 403-9)	Oil and gas (Indonesia, Oman and Thailand), Power (Indonesia)	No employees or workers have been excluded from this disclosure

	Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2020
62.	Any contextual information necessary to understand how the data have been compiled, such as any standards, methodologies, and assumptions used (GRI 403-9)	Oil and gas (Indonesia, Oman and Thailand), Power (Indonesia)	The injury rates are calculated as follow: The rate of recordable work-related injuries per 1,000,000 work hours = <u>number of recordable injuries</u> <u>manhour</u> x 1,000,000 The rate of fatalities as a result of work-related injury per 1,000,000 work hours = <u>number of fatality</u> <u>manhour</u> x 1,000,000
			The rate of high-consequence work-related injuries per 1,000,000 work hours = <u>number of high - consequence injuries</u> <u>manhour</u> x 1,000,000
		Oil and gas (Indonesia, Oman and Thailand)	Safety statistics and incident data are collected from each asset according to the Incident Management Document Guideline. This system is widely used for industrial incident rate calculation and classification which complies with the country Government Regulations and refers to Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) 29 CFR Part 1904 - Standard for Reporting and Recording Occupational Injuries and Illness.
		Power (Indonesia)	Medco Power's safety statistics are calculated from subsidiaries according to incident/ accident investigation and reporting procedure (A800/C01/SOPR010014), which complies with the Indonesian Government Regulation (Minister of Manpower of the Republic of Indonesia Regulation Number 03/MEN/98 regarding Procedure in Reporting and Investigating Occupational Accident and the Ministry of Manpower and Transmigration of the Republic of Indonesia Regulation Number PER.01/MEN/1981 regarding Obligation to Report Occupational Illness) and Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) 29 CFR Part 1904 - Standard for Reporting and Recording Occupational Injuries and Illness.

# GRI 405 - Diversity and Equal Opportunity

	Indicators/disclosures			Type of entity and location	2018	2019	2020
63.	Percentage	Gender	Female	Corporate	26.67%	31.25%	21.43%
	of individuals		Male	[	73.33%	68.75%	78.57%
	within the	Age	Under 30	Corporate	-	-	-
	organization's	group	years old				
	governance bodies (GRI		30-50 years		26.67%	12.50%	7.14%
	405-1)		old Over 50 years	-	73.33%	87.50%	92.86%
	405 1)		old		13.33%	87.50%	92.00%
64.	Percentage of individuals within the organization's	Gender	Female	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020),	17.53%	19.37%	19.31%
	governance bodies (GRI 405-1)		Male	Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	82.47%	80.63%	80.69%
		Gender	Female	Power	8.86%	10.04%	10.33%
			Male	(Indonesia)	91.14%	89.96%	89.67%
		Age group	Under 30 years old	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman	7.85%	6.64%	5.52%
			30-50 years old	(2018-2020), Tunisia (2018) and	78.30%	78.03%	78.13%
			Over 50 years old	(2019) and Thailand (2019-2020))	13.84%	15.33%	16.34%
		Age group	Under 30 years old	Power (Indonesia)	33.50%	28.61%	27.30%
			30-50 years old		61.53%	64.37%	64.54%
			Over 50 years old		4.98%	7.03%	8.16%

# **GRI 410 - Security Practices**

	Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018	2019	2020	
65.	Percentage of security personnel who have received formal training in the	Oil and gas (Indonesia)	73.70%	78.46%	79.67%	
	organization's human rights policies or specific procedures and their application to security (GRI 410-1)	Power (Indonesia)	97.13%	99.04%	100%	
66.	Whether training requirements also apply to third-party organizations providing security personnel (GRI 410-1)	Oil and gas (Indonesia), Power (Indonesia)	Human rights policies and procedures training are also appli to third party security personnel			

#### GRI 412 - Human Rights Assessment

	Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2	018	20	19***	2	020
67.	Total number and percentage of		Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
	operations that have been subject to human rights reviews or human rights	Oil and gas (Indonesia)	1	14.29%	1	14.29%	1	10%
	impact assessments, by country (GRI 412-1)	Power (Indonesia)	Not con	ducted yet				
68.	Total number of hours in the reporting period devoted to training on human	Oil and gas (Indonesia)	96 hour	S		-		-
	rights policies or procedures concerning aspects of human rights that are relevant to operations (GRI 412-2)	Power (Indonesia)	Not con	ducted yet				
69.	Percentage of employees trained during the reporting period in human rights	Oil and gas (Indonesia)	1.30%			-		-
	policies or procedures concerning aspects of human rights that are relevant to operations (GRI 412-2)	Power (Indonesia)	Not con	ducted yet				
70.	Total number and percentage of significant investment agreements and contracts that include human rights clause or that underwent human rights screening (GRI 412-3)	Oil and gas (Indonesia)	All contracts with third parties in Indonesia have included clause that contractor has committed to comply with applicable law and regulations in Indonesia and MedcoEnergi's Business Ethic which include Conflict of Interest and Anti-Bribery an Corruption. These are among the basic expectations of proclaiming respect for human rights principles.				icable laws ness Ethics ibery and	
		Power (Indonesia)	Not ava		All contr have inc committe regulatic Business Interest These ar	acts with thir cluded clauses ed to comply w ons in Indones Ethics whic and Anti-Bril re among the ing respect	d parties i s that con vith applica sia and Me h include bery and basic exp	tractor has ble laws and dcoEnergi's Conflict of Corruption. ectations of
71.	The definition used for 'significant investment agreements' (GRI 412-3)	Oil and gas (Indonesia)	Not app	licable				
	to CDI 412 disclosures for operations in I	Power (Indonesia)						

\*\*\*Note: GRI 412 disclosures for operations in Indonesia and does not include the newly acquired assets, which in 2019 were still undergoing the integration process

#### **GRI 413 - Local Communities**

Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018	2019	2020
<ul> <li>72. Percentage of operations with implemented local community engagement, impact assessments, and/or development programs (GRI 413-1)</li> </ul>	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018-2020), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019-2020))	100%	100%	100%
	Power (Indonesia)	90.91%	83.33%	83.33%

# GRI 415 - Public Policy

Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018	2019	2020	
73. Total monetary value of financial and in- kind political contributions made directly and indirectly by the organization by country and recipient/beneficiary (GRI 415-1)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019- 2020)), Power (Indonesia)	organization wherever MedcoEnergi operates.			
<ul><li>74. If applicable, how the monetary value of in-kind contributions was estimated (GRI 415-1)</li></ul>	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019- 2020)), Power (Indonesia)	Not applicable			

## GRI 419 - Socioeconomic Compliance

Indicators/disclosures	Type of entity and location	2018	2019	2020
75. Significant fines and non-monetary sanctions for non-compliance with laws and/or regulations in the social and economic area (GRI 419-1)	Oil and gas (Indonesia and Oman (2018- 2020), Tunisia (2018) and Thailand (2019- 2020)),		ial penalties or sanctio ness units for regul	
	Power (Indonesia)			